

ICC-ES Evaluation Report

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- FL Supplement

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DIVISION: 03 00 00-

CONCRETE

Section: 03 16 00— Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—

METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete

Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

MKT FASTENING, LLC

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

MKT VMU PLUS AND LR700+ ADHESIVE ANCHOR SYSTEM IN CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE



1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 and 2006 International Building Code® (IBC)
- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 and 2006 International Residential Code® (IRC)
- 2013 Abu Dhabi International Building Code (ADIBC)†

[†]The ADIBC is based on the 2009 IBC. 2009 IBC code sections referenced in this report are the same sections in the ADIBC.

Property evaluated:

■ Structural

2.0 USES

MKT VMU plus and LR700+ adhesive anchors are used to resist static, wind or earthquake (IBC Seismic Design Categories A through F) tension and shear loads in cracked and uncracked normal-weight concrete with $^{1}/_{2}$ -, $^{5}/_{8}$ -, $^{3}/_{4}$ -, $^{7}/_{8}$ -, 1-, and $^{11}/_{4}$ -inch-diameter (12.7, 15.9, 19.1, 22.2, 25.4 and 31.8 mm) threaded steel rods and No. 4 through No. 10 steel reinforcing bars in hammer-drilled holes. The anchors are used to resist static, wind or earthquake (IBC Seismic Design Categories A and B only) tension and shear loads in uncracked normal-weight concrete only with $^{3}/_{8}$ -inch-diameter (9.5 mm) threaded steel rods and No. 3 steel reinforcing bars in hammer-drilled holes. Use is limited to normal-weight concrete with a specified compressive strength, f'_{c} , of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1].

The anchor system complies with anchors as described in Section 1901.3 of the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC, Section 1909 of the 2012 IBC and is an alternative to cast-in-place and post-installed anchors described in Section 1908 of the 2012 IBC, and Sections 1911 and 1912 of the 2009 and 2006 IBC. The anchor systems may also be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 General:

The MKT VMU plus and LR700+ Adhesive Anchor System is comprised of MKT VMU plus and LR700+ two-component adhesive filled in cartridges, static mixing nozzles and manual or powered dispensing tools, hole cleaning equipment and adhesive injection accessories.

MKT VMU plus and LR700+ adhesive may be used with continuously threaded steel rods or deformed steel reinforcing bars. The primary components of the MKT VMU plus and LR700+ Adhesive Anchor System, including the MKT VMU plus and LR700+ adhesive cartridge, static mixing nozzle, the nozzle extension tube and steel anchor elements, are shown in Figures 1 and 2 of this report. The manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII), included with each adhesive unit package, are shown in Figure 3 of this report.

3.2 Materials:

- **3.2.1 MKT VMU PLUS and LR700+ Adhesive:** MKT VMU plus and LR700+ adhesive is an injectable two-component vinylester acrylic adhesive. The two components are kept separate by means of a labelled dual-cylinder cartridge. The two components combine and react when dispensed through a static mixing nozzle, supplied by MKT Fastening LLC, which is attached to the cartridge. MKT VMU plus and LR700+ is available in 5-ounce (150 mL), 8-ounce (235 mL), 10-ounce (280 mL), 12-ounce (345 mL), 13-ounce (380 mL), and 28-ounce (825 mL) cartridges. Each cartridge label is marked with the adhesive expiration date. The shelf life, as indicated by the expiration date, applies to an unopened cartridge stored in a dry, dark, and cool environment, in accordance with the MPII, as illustrated in Figure 3 of this report.
- **3.2.2 Hole Cleaning Equipment:** Hole cleaning equipment is comprised of steel wire brushes supplied by MKT Fastening LLC, and air blowers which are shown in <u>Figure 3</u> of this report.
- **3.2.3 Dispensers:** MKT VMU plus and LR700+ adhesive must be dispensed with manual dispensers, pneumatic dispensers, or electric powered dispensers supplied by MKT Fastening LLC.

3.2.4 Steel Anchor Elements:

- **3.2.4.1 Threaded Steel Rods:** Threaded steel rods must be clean and continuously threaded (all-thread) in diameters described in <u>Table 4</u> and <u>Figure 3</u>. Specifications for grades of threaded rod, including the mechanical properties, and corresponding nuts and washers, are included in <u>Table 2</u> of this report. Carbon steel threaded rods must be furnished with a minimum 0.0002-inch-thick (0.005 mm) zinc electroplated coating complying with ASTM B633 SC 1 or a minimum 0.0021-inch-thick (0.053 mm) mechanically deposited zinc coating complying with ASTM B695, Class 55. The stainless steel threaded rods must comply with ASTM F593. Steel grades and types of material (carbon, stainless) for the washers and nuts must match the threaded rods. Threaded steel rods must be clean, straight, and free of indentations or other defects along their length. The embedded end may be flat cut or cut on the bias to a chisel point.
- **3.2.4.2 Steel Reinforcing Bars:** Steel reinforcing bars are deformed reinforcing bars as described in Table 3 of this report. Table 7 and Figure 3 summarize reinforcing bar size ranges. The embedded portions of reinforcing bars must be clean, straight, and free of mill scale, rust, mud, oil, and other coatings (other than zinc) that may impair the bond with the adhesive. Reinforcing bars must not be bent after installation except as set forth in ACI 318-19 Section 26.6.3.2 (b), ACI 318-14 Section 26.6.3.1 (b) or ACI 318-11 Section 7.3.2, as applicable, with the additional condition that the bars must be bent cold, and heating of reinforcing bars to facilitate field bending is not permitted.
- **3.2.4.3 Ductility:** In accordance with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.1, as applicable, in order for a steel anchor element to be considered ductile, the tested elongation must be at least 14 percent and reduction of area must be at least 30 percent. Steel elements with a tested elongation less than 14 percent or a reduction of area less than 30 percent, or both, are considered brittle. Values for various steel materials are provided in <u>Table 2</u> of this report. Where values are nonconforming or unstated, the steel must be considered brittle.

3.3 Concrete:

Normal-weight concrete must comply with Sections 1903 and 1905 of the IBC. The specified compressive strength of the concrete must be from 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1].

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Strength Design:

4.1.1 General: The design strength of anchors under the 2021 IBC, as well as the 2021 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 and this report. The design strength of anchors under the 2018 and

2015 IBC, as well as the 2018 and 2015 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 and this report. The design strength of anchors under the 2012, 2009, 2006 IBC, as well as the 2012, 2009 and 2006 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 and this report.

The strength design of anchors must comply with ACI 318-19 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-14 17.3.1 or 318-11 D.4.1, as applicable, except as required in ACI 318-19 17.10 or ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable.

Design parameters are provided in <u>Tables 4</u> through <u>Table 9</u> of this report. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as given in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 or 2006 IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable.

Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as given in ACI 318-11 D.4.4 must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix C.

- **4.1.2 Static Steel Strength in Tension:** The nominal static steel strength of a single anchor in tension, N_{sa} , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.1.2, as applicable, and the associated strength reduction factors, ϕ , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are provided in Table 4 and Table 7 of this report for the corresponding anchor steel.
- **4.1.3 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension:** The nominal static concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in tension, N_{cb} or N_{cbg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2, as applicable, with the following addition:

The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in tension, N_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2, as applicable, using the values of $k_{c,cr}$ and $k_{c,uncr}$ as provided in Table 5 and Table 8 of this report. Where analysis indicates no cracking in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.6, as applicable, N_b must be calculated using $k_{c,uncr}$ and $\Psi_{c,N}$ = 1.0. For anchors in lightweight concrete see ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.3.6, as applicable. The value of f_c used for calculation must be limited to 8,000 psi (55 MPa) in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable. Additional information for the determination of nominal bond strength in tension is given in Section 4.1.4 of this report.

4.1.4 Static Bond Strength in Tension: The nominal static bond strength of a single adhesive anchor or group of adhesive anchors in tension, N_a or N_{ag} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5.5, as applicable.

Bond strength values ($\tau_{k,cr}$, $\tau_{k,uncr}$) are a function of concrete compressive strength, concrete state (cracked, uncracked), and installation conditions (dry concrete, water-saturated concrete, water-filled holes). The following table summarizes the requirements:

CONCRETE	BOND STRENGTH	CONCRETE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS	ASSOCIATED STRENGTH REDUCTION FACTOR
			Dry concrete	ϕ d
Cracked	$ au_{k,cr}$	f'c	Water-saturated concrete	$\phi_{ m ws}$
Ö			Water-filled hole (flooded)	Фwf
_			Dry concrete	ϕ_{d}
Jncracked	Tk,uncr	f'c	Water-saturated concrete	φ _{ws}
Unci			Water-filled hole (flooded)	$\phi_{ m wf}$

Strength reduction factors for determination of the bond strength are given in <u>Tables 6</u> and <u>9</u> of this report. Adjustments to the bond strength may also be made for increased concrete compressive strength as noted in the footnotes to the corresponding tables and this section.

The bond strength values in <u>Table 6</u> and <u>Table 9</u> of this report correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c equal to 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c between 2,500 psi and 8,000 psi (17.2 MPa and 55 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2,500)^{0.13}$ [For **SI**: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.13}$] [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1]. Where applicable, the modified bond strength values must be used in lieu of $\tau_{k,cr}$ and $\tau_{k,uncr}$ in ACI 318-19 (17.6.5.1.2b) and (17.6.5.2.1), ACI 318-14 Equations (17.4.5.1d) and (17.4.5.2) or ACI 318-11 Equations (D-21) and (D-22), as applicable.

The resulting nominal bond strength must be multiplied by the associated strength reduction factor ϕ_d , ϕ_{ws} or ϕ_{wf} , as applicable.

- **4.1.5 Static Steel Strength in Shear:** The nominal static steel strength of a single anchor in shear as governed by the steel, V_{sa} , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.1.2, as applicable, and the strength reduction factor, ϕ , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are given in <u>Table 4</u> and <u>Table 7</u> of this report for the corresponding anchor steel.
- **4.1.6 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear:** The nominal static concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2 or 318-11 D.6.2, as applicable, based on information given in <u>Table 5</u> and <u>Table 8</u> in this report.

The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in shear, V_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2.2, as applicable using the values of d given in Tables 5 and 8 for the corresponding anchor steel in lieu of d_a (2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC) and d_o (2006 IBC). In addition, h_{ef} must be substituted for ℓ_e . In no case shall ℓ_e exceed 8d. The value of f_c shall be limited to a maximum of 8,000 psi (55 MPa) in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable.

- **4.1.7 Static Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear:** The nominal static pryout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.3, ACI 318-14 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 D.6.3, as applicable.
- **4.1.8 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces:** For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.8, ACI 318-14 17.6 or ACI 318-11 D.7, as applicable.
- **4.1.9 Minimum Member Thickness** h_{min} , **Anchor Spacing** s_{min} , **Edge Distance** c_{min} : In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.2, ACI 318-14 17.7.1 and 17.7.3 or ACI 318-11 D.8.1 and D.8.3, as applicable, values of s_{min} and c_{min} described in this report must be observed for anchor design and installation. The minimum member thicknesses, h_{min} , described in this report must be observed for anchor design and installation. For adhesive anchors that will remain untorqued, ACI 318-19 17.9.3, ACI 318-14 17.7.4 or ACI 318-11 D.8.4 shall apply, as applicable.

For anchors that will be torqued during installation, the maximum torque, T_{max} , must be reduced for edge distances less than five anchor diameters (5d). T_{max} is subject to the edge distance, c_{min} , and anchor spacing, s_{min} , and shall comply with the following requirements:

INSTALLA	TION TORQUE DISTAN		TO EDGE
NOMINAL ANCHOR SIZE, D	MINIMUM EDGE DISTANCE, c _{min}	MINIMUM ANCHOR SPACING, s _{min}	$\begin{array}{c} \text{MAXIMUM} \\ \text{TORQUE}, \\ T_{max} \end{array}$
all sizes	5 <i>d</i>	5 <i>d</i>	1.0· <i>T_{max}</i>
³ / ₈ in. to 1 in.	1.75 in. (44.5 mm)	5 <i>d</i>	0.45· <i>T</i> _{max}
1 ¹ / ₄ in.	2.75 in. (70 mm)	50	0.45' I max

For values of T_{max} , see Figure 3 of this report.

4.1.10 Critical Edge Distance c_{ac} and $\psi_{cp,Na}$: The modification factor, $\psi_{cp,Na}$, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.5.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.5.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5.5.5, as applicable, except as noted below:

For all cases where c_{Na}/c_{ac} <1.0, $\psi_{cp,Na}$ determined from ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.5.5.1b, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.5.5b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-27, as applicable, need not be taken less than c_{Na}/c_{ac} . For all other cases, $\psi_{cp,Na}$ shall be taken as 1.0.

The critical edge distance, c_{ac} must be calculated according to Eq. 17.6.5.5.1c of ACI 318-19, Eq. 17.4.5.5c for ACI 318-14 or Eq. D-27a for ACI 318-11, in lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.5, ACI 318-14 17.7.6 or ACI 318-11 D.8.6, as applicable.

$$c_{ac} = h_{ef} \cdot \left(\frac{\tau_{k, uncr}}{1160}\right)^{0.4} \cdot \left[3.1 - 0.7 \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right]$$

(Eq. 17.6.5.5.1c for ACI 318-19 or Eq. 17.4.5.5c for ACI 318-14 or Eq. D-27a for ACI 318-11)

where

$$\left[\frac{h}{h_{cl}}\right]$$
 need not be taken as larger than 2.4; and

 $\tau_{k,uncr}$ = the characteristic bond strength stated in the tables of this report whereby $\tau_{k,uncr}$ need not be taken as larger than:

$$au_{k,uncr} = rac{k_{uncr} \sqrt{h_{ef}f_c'}}{\pi \cdot a_a}$$
 Eq. (4-1)

4.1.11 Requirements for Seismic Design Categories C, D, E and F: In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, anchors must be designed in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.10, ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable.

The nominal steel shear strength, V_{sa} , must be adjusted by $\alpha_{V,seis}$ as given in <u>Tables 4</u> and <u>7</u> for the corresponding anchor steel. The nominal bond strength $\tau_{\kappa,cr}$ must be adjusted by $\alpha_{N,seis}$ as given in <u>Tables 6</u> and <u>9</u> for threaded rods. An adjustment to the nominal bond strength $\tau_{\kappa,cr}$ is not required for reinforcing bars ($\alpha_{N,seis} = 1.0$.).

As an exception to ACI 318-11 Section D.3.3.4.2: Anchors designed to resist wall out-of-plane forces with design strengths equal to or greater than the force determined in accordance with ASCE 7 Equation 12.11-1 or 12.14-10 shall be deemed to satisfy Section ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(d).

Under ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(d), in lieu of requiring the anchor design tensile strength to satisfy the tensile strength requirements of ACI 318-11 D.4.1.1, the anchor design tensile strength shall be calculated from ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.4.

The following exceptions apply to ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.2:

- 1. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching wood sill plates of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame wood structures to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:
 - 1.1. The allowable in-plane shear strength of the anchor is determined in accordance with AF&PA NDS Table 11E for lateral design values parallel to grain.
 - 1.2. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is ⁵/₈ inch (16 mm).
 - 1.3. Anchor bolts are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).
 - 1.4. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of $1^{3}/_{4}$ inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the wood sill plate.
 - 1.5. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the wood sill plate.
 - 1.6. The sill plate is 2-inch or 3-inch nominal thickness.
- 2. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching cold-formed steel track of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame construction to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:
 - 2.1. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is ⁵/₈ inch (16 mm).

- 2.2. Anchors are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).
- 2.3. Anchors are located a minimum of 1³/₄ inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the track.
- 2.4. Anchors are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the track.
- 2.5. The track is 33 to 68 mil designation thickness.

Allowable in-plane shear strength of exempt anchors, parallel to the edge of concrete shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with AISI S100 Section E3.3.1.

3. In light-frame construction, bearing or nonbearing walls, shear strength of concrete anchors less than or equal to 1 inch [25 mm] in diameter attaching a sill plate or track to foundation or foundation stem wall need not satisfy ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3(a) through (c) when the design strength of the anchors is determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2.1(c).

4.2 Installation:

Installation parameters are illustrated in <u>Figure 1</u> of this report. Installation must be in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.7.2, ACI 318-14 17.8.1 and 17.8.2 or ACI 318-11 D.9.1 and D.9.2. Anchor locations must comply with this report and the plans and specifications approved by the code official. Installation of the MKT VMU plus and LR700+ Adhesive Anchor System must conform to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions included in each unit package as described in <u>Figure 3</u> of this report.

The adhesive anchor system may be used for upwardly inclined orientation applications (e.g. overhead). Upwardly inclined and horizontal orientation applications are to be installed using piston plugs for the $^{5}/_{8}$ -inch through $1^{1}/_{4}$ -inch diameter threaded steel rods and No. 5 through No. 10 steel reinforcing bars, installed in the specified hole diameter, and attached to the mixing nozzle and extension tube supplied by MKT as described in <u>Figure 3</u> in this report. Upwardly inclined and horizontal orientation installation for the $^{3}/_{8}$ -inch and $^{1}/_{2}$ -inch diameter threaded steel rods, and No. 3 and No. 4 steel reinforcing bars, may be injected directly to the end of the hole using a mixing nozzle with a bore hole depth $d_{0} \le 10$ " (250 mm).

Installation of anchors in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations shall be fully restrained from movement throughout the specified curing period through the use of temporary wedges, external supports, or other methods. Where temporary restraint devices are used, their use shall not result in impairment of the anchor shear resistance.

4.3 Special Inspection:

Periodic special inspection must be performed where required in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC, 1704.4 and 1704.15 of the 2009 IBC or Section 1704.13 of the 2006 IBC and this report. The special inspector must be on the jobsite initially during anchor installation to verify the anchor type, adhesive expiration date, anchor dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, hole dimensions, hole cleaning procedures, anchor spacing, edge distances, concrete thickness, anchor embedment, tightening torque, and adherence to the manufacturers printed installation instructions.

The special inspector must verify the initial installations of each type and size of adhesive anchor by construction personnel on site. Subsequent installations of the same anchor type and size by the same construction personnel are permitted to be performed in the absence of the special inspector. Any change in the anchor product being installed or the personnel performing the installation requires an initial inspection. For ongoing installations over an extended period, the special inspector must make regular inspections to confirm correct handling and installation of the product.

Continuous special inspection of adhesive anchors installed in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads must be performed in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.13.3.2(e), ACI 318-14 17.8.2.4, 26.7.1(h) and 26.13.3.2 (c) or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.4, as applicable.

Under the IBC, additional requirements as set forth in Sections 1705.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015 or 2012 IBC, Sections 1705, 1706 or 1707 of the 2009 or 2006 IBC must be observed, where applicable.

4.4 Compliance with NSF/ANSI Standard 61:

The MKT VMU plus and LR700+ Adhesive Anchor System complies with the requirements of NSF/ANSI Standard 61, as referenced in Section 605 of the 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 and 2006 *International Plumbing Code*® (IPC) and is certified for use as an anchoring adhesive for installing threaded rods less than or equal to 1.3 inches (33 mm) in diameter in concrete for water treatment applications.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE:

The MKT VMU plus and LR700+ Adhesive Anchor System described in this report complies with or is a suitable alternative to what is specified in, those codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- **5.1** MKT VMU plus and LR700+ adhesive anchors must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's printed installation instructions included with each cartridge and provided in <u>Figure 3</u> of this report.
- 5.2 Anchors [1/2, 5/8, 3/4, 7/8, 1, and 11/4 diameter (12.7, 15.9, 19.1, 22.2, 25.4 and 31.8 mm) threaded steel rods and No. 4 through No. 10 steel reinforcing bars] described in this report must be installed in cracked and uncracked normal-weight concrete having a specified compressive strength f'c = 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1]. Anchors [3/8-inch-diameter (9.5 mm)] threaded steel rods and No. 3 steel reinforcing bars in hammer-drilled holes must be installed in uncracked normal-weight concrete having a specified compressive strength f'c = 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa) [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1].
- **5.3** The values of f'c used for calculation purposes must not exceed 8,000 psi (55 MPa).
- **5.4** Anchors must be installed in concrete base materials in holes predrilled in accordance with the instructions provided in Figure 3 of this report.
- **5.5** Loads applied to the anchors must be adjusted in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 and 2006 IBC for strength design.
- **5.6** In structures assigned to Seismic Design Categories C, D, E, and F under the IBC or IRC, anchor strength must be adjusted in accordance with Section 4.1.11 of this report.
- 5.7 MKT VMU plus and LR700+ adhesive anchors are permitted to be installed in concrete that is cracked or that may be expected to crack during the service life of the anchor, subject to the conditions of this report. Exception see Section 5.2 of this report.
- 5.8 Strength design values are established in accordance with Section 4.1 of this report.
- **5.9** Minimum anchor spacing and edge distance as well as minimum member thickness must comply with the values described in this report.
- **5.10**Prior to anchor installation, calculations and details demonstrating compliance with this report must be submitted to the code official. The calculations and details must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.
- **5.11** Anchors are not permitted to support fire-resistive construction. Where not otherwise prohibited by the code, MKT VMU plus and LR700+ adhesive anchors are permitted for installation in fire-resistive construction provided that at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - Anchors are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
 - Anchors that support gravity load-bearing structural elements are within a fire-resistive envelope or a
 fire-resistive membrane, are protected by approved fire-resistive materials, or have been evaluated for
 resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
 - Anchors are used to support nonstructural elements.
- 5.12Since an ICC-ES acceptance criteria for evaluating data to determine the performance of adhesive anchors subjected to fatigue or shock loading is unavailable at this time, the use of these anchors under such conditions is beyond the scope of this report.
- **5.13**Use of zinc-plated carbon steel threaded rods or steel reinforcing bars is limited to dry, interior locations.
- **5.14**Use of hot-dipped galvanized carbon steel and stainless steel rods is permitted for exterior exposure or damp environments.
- 5.15Steel anchoring materials in contact with preservative-treated and fire-retardant-treated wood shall be of zinc-coated steel or stainless steel. The minimum coating weights for zinc-coated steel shall be in accordance with ASTM A153.
- **5.16**Periodic special inspection must be provided in accordance with Section 4.3 in this report. Continuous special inspection for anchors installed in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads must be provided in accordance with Section 4.3 of this report.



- **5.17** Installation of anchors in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads must be performed by personnel certified by an applicable certification program in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.7.2(e), ACI 318-14 17.8.2.2 or 17.8.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.2 or D.9.2.3, as applicable.
- **5.18**Anchors shall not be used for installations where the concrete temperature can vary from 40°F (5°C) or less to 80°F (27°C) or higher within a 12-hour period. Such applications may include but are not limited to anchorage of building façade systems and other applications subject to direct sun exposure.
- 5.19MKT VMU plus and LR700+ adhesive is manufactured in Willich, Germany, under a quality-control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Post-installed Adhesive Anchors in Concrete (AC308), dated June 2019 (editorially revised February 2021), which incorporates requirements in ACI 355.4-11.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

- 7.1 Product labelling shall include, the name of the report holder or listee, and the ICC-ES mark of conformity. The listing or evaluation report number (ICC-ES ESR-4004) may be used in lieu of the mark of conformity. MKT VMU plus and LR700+ adhesive is identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (MKT Fastening, LLC) and address, anchor name, the lot number, the expiration date, and the evaluation report number (ESR-4004). Threaded rods, nuts, washers, and deformed reinforcing bars are standard steel anchor elements and must conform to applicable national or international specifications as set forth in Tables 2 and 3 of this report.
- **7.2** The report holder's contact information is the following:

MKT FASTENING, LLC 1 GUNNEBO DRIVE LOKONE, ARKANSAS 72086 (501) 676-2222 www.mktfasteningusa.com



TABLE 1—DESIGN TABLE INDEX

	DESIGN STRENGTH1	THREADED ROD	DEFORMED REINFORCING BAR
Steel	N _{sa} , V _{sa}	<u>Table 4</u>	<u>Table 7</u>
Concrete	N _{pn} , N _{sb} , N _{sbg} , N _{cb} , N _{cbg} , V _{cb} , V _{cbg} , V _{cp} , V _{cpg}	Table 5	<u>Table 8</u>
Bond ²	Na, Nag	Table 6	<u>Table 9</u>

¹Ref. ACI 318-19 17.5.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1.1 or 318-11 D.4.1.1, as applicable.

TABLE 2—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON CARBON AND STAINLESS STEEL THREADED ROD MATERIALS1

	READED ROD ECIFICATION		MINIMUM SPECIFIED ULTIMATE STRENGTH, f_{uta}	MINIMUM SPECIFIED YIELD STRENGTH 0.2 PERCENT OFFSET, fya	f _{uta} /f _{ya}	ELONGATION, MIN. PERCENT ⁵	REDUCTION OF AREA, MIN. PERCENT	SPECIFICATION FOR NUTS ⁶	SPECIFICATION FOR WASHERS ⁶
CARRON	ASTM A193 ² Grade B7 all sizes	psi (MPa)	125,000 (862)	105,000 (724)	1.19	16	50	ASTM A563 Grade D	ASTM F436
CARBON STEEL	ASTM A36 ³ / F1554, Grade 36 all sizes	psi (MPa)	58,000 (400)	36,000 (250)	1.61	23	50	ASTM A563 Grade A	ASTM B18.22.1 Type A Plain
STAINLESS STEEL	ASTM F593 ⁴ CW1 ³ / ₈ to ⁵ / ₈ in.	psi (MPa)	100,000 (690)	65,000 (450)	1.54	40	_ 7	ASTM F594 Alloy	ASTM B18.22.1
(304/316)	ASTM F593 ⁴ CW2 ³ / ₄ to 1 ¹ / ₄ in.	psi (MPa)	85,000 (590)	45,000 (310)	1.89	40	_ 7	Group 1, 2 or 3	Type A Plain

Adhesive must be used with continuously threaded carbon or stainless steel rod (all-thread) having thread characteristics complying with ANSI B1.1 UNC Coarse Thread Series.

TABLE 3—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON STEEL REINFORCING BARS

REINFORCING SPECIFICATION	UNITS	MINIMUM SPECIFIED ULTIMATE STRENGTH, f _{uta}	MINIMUM SPECIFIED YEILD STRENGTH, f_{ya}
ASTM A615 ¹ , A767 ³ , A996 ⁴	psi	90,000	60,000
Grade 60	(MPa)	(620)	(414)
ASTM A615 ¹ , Grade 40	psi	60,000	40,000
	(MPa)	(415)	(275)

¹Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

²See Section 4.1 of this evaluation report.

²Standard Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless steel Bolting Materials for High temperature of High Pressure service and Other Special Purpose Applications.

³Standard Specification for Carbon Structural steel

⁴Standard Specification for Stainless Steel Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, and Studs.

⁵Based on 2-in. (50 mm) gauge length except for ASTM A193, which is based on a gauge length of 4d.

⁶Nuts and washers of other grades and style having specified proof load stress greater than the specified grade and style are also suitable. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal to or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specified threaded rod.
7Minimum percent reduction of area not reported in the referenced ASTM standard.

²Standard Specification for Low-Alloy Steel Deformed and Plain Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

³Standard specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

⁴Standard specification for Rail-Steel and Axle-steel Deformed bars for Concrete Reinforcement.

TABLE 4—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT THREADED ROD1

DEGL	NI INCORMATION	0	11.24.			Nomin	al Rod Diamete	r (inch)		
DESIG	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	11/4
Threa	ded rod O.D.	d	in. (mm)	0.375 (9.5)	0.500 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1.000 (25.4)	1.250 (31.8)
	ded rod effective cross- nal area	Ase	in.² (mm²)	0.0775 (50)	0.1419 (92)	0.2260 (146)	0.3345 (216)	0.4617 (298)	0.6057 (391)	0.9691 (625)
le 36	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	4,495 (20.0)	8,230 (36.6)	13,110 (58.3)	19,400 (86.3)	26,780 (119.1)	35,130 (156.3)	56,210 (250.0)
, Grade	(for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	2,695 (12.0)	4,940 (22.0)	7,860 (35.0)	11,640 (51.8)	16,070 (71.4)	21,080 (93.8)	33,725 (150.0)
A36/F1554,	Reduction factor for seismic shear	α _{V,seis}	ı	Not applicable	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.80	0.80
Л А36 _/	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-				0.75			
ASTM	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	φ	-				0.65			
B7	Nominal strength as	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	9,685 (43.1)	17,735 (78.9)	28,250 (125.7)	41,810 (186.0)	57,710 (256.7)	75,710 (336.8)	121,135 (538.8)
Grade B	governed by steel strength (for a single anchor)	Vsa	lb (kN)	4,845 (21.5)	10,640 (7.3)	16,950 (75.4)	25,085 (111.6)	34,625 (154.0)	45,425 (202.1)	72,680 (323.3)
A193 G	Reduction factor for seismic shear	α _{V,seis}	-	Not applicable	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.80	0.80
ASTM A	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-				0.75			
¥	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	φ	-				0.65			
ess	Nominal strength as	Nsa	lb (kN)	7,750 (34.5)	14,190 (63.1)	22,600 (100.5)	28,430 (126.5)	39,245 (174.6)	51,485 (229.0)	82,370 (366.4)
Stainless	governed by steel strength (for a single anchor)	Vsa	lb (kN)	4,650 (20.7)	8,515 (37.9)	13,560 (60.3)	17,060 (75.9)	23,545 (104.7)	30,890 (137.4)	49,425 (219.8)
3 CW	Reduction factor for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	Not applicable	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.80	0.80
.M F593	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-				0.65			
ASTM	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	φ	-				0.60			

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 006894 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Values provided for common rod material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2 b or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29), as applicable. Nuts and washers must comply with requirements for the rod. ²The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 or 2006 IBC, ACI 318-19

²The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 or 2006 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are used. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

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TABLE 5—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT1

DEGICAL INFORMATION	0				Nomin	al Rod Diamete	r (inch)		
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	11/4
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	K _{c,cr}	in-lb (SI)	n.a.				17 7)		
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	K _{c,uncr}	in-lb (SI)				24 (10)			
Min. anchor spacing	S _{min}	in. (mm)	1 ⁷ / ₈ (48)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	3 ³ / ₄ (95)	4 ³ / ₈ (111)	5 (127)	6 ¹ / ₄ (159)
Min. edge distance	C _{min}	in. (mm)			See Se	ection 4.1.9 of this	s report.		
Min. member thickness	h _{min}	in. (mm)	h _{ef} + (h _{ef} -				h _{ef} + 2d ₀ ³		
Critical edge distance - splitting (for uncracked concrete) ²	Cac	-			See See	ction 4.1.10 of thi	s report.		
Critical anchor spacing – splitting	Sac	-				2·c _{ac}			
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B (supplemental reinforcement not present) ²	φ	-				0.65			
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B (supplemental reinforcement not present) ²	φ	-				0.70			

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 006894 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Additional setting information is described in <u>Figure 3</u>, installation instructions. ² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

 $^{^{3}}d_{0}$ = hole diameter.

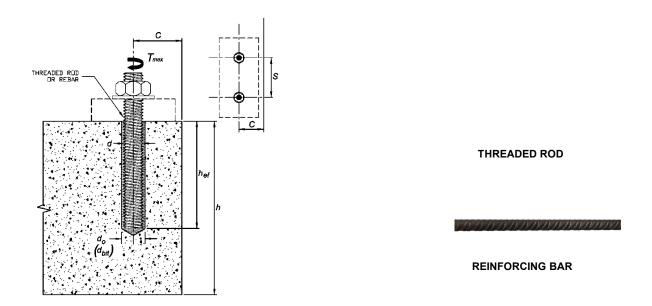


FIGURE 1—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS FOR THREADED RODS AND REINFORCING BARS

TABLE 6—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT¹

	DEOL	NI NIEGOMATION	0	11.20			Nominal	Rod Diame	ter (inch)		
	DESIC	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₄
Minimu	m embedment		h _{ef,min}	in. (mm)	2 ³ / ₈ (60.3)	2 ³ / ₄ (69.9)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79.4)	3 ¹ / ₂ (88.9)	3 ¹ / ₂ (88.9)	4 (101.6)	5 (127.0)
Maximu	um embedment		h _{ef,max}	in. (mm)	4 ¹ / ₂ (114)	6 (152)	7 ¹ / ₂ (191)	9 (229)	10 ¹ / ₂ (267)	12 (305)	15 (381)
	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	psi (N/mm²)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	743 (5.1)	588 (4.1)
concrete	range A ^{2,3} :	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	psi (N/mm²)	Not applicable	498 (3.4)	519 (3.6)	519 (3.6)	519 (3.6)	519 (3.6)	525 (3.6)
Dry cond	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	366 (2.5)	Not applicable
۵	range B ^{2,3} :	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	Not applicable	245 (1.7)	255 (1.8)	255 (1.8)	255 (1.8)	255 (1.8)	255 (1.8)
	Strength reduction	factor	ϕ_d	•	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
rete	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	743 (5.1)	588 (4.1)
Water-saturated concrete	range A ^{2,3} :	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	psi (N/mm²)	Not applicable	498 (3.4)	519 (3.6)	519 (3.6)	519 (3.6)	519 (3.6)	525 (3.6)
aturate	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	366 (2.5)	Not applicable
ater-s	range B ^{2,3} :	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	Not applicable	245 (1.7)	255 (1.8)	255 (1.8)	255 (1.8)	255 (1.8)	255 (1.8)
>	Strength reduction	factor	ϕ_{ws}	•	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55
(pəp	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	642 (4.4)	642 (4.4)	642 (4.4)	642 (4.4)	576 (4.0)		lot cable
е (floo	range A ^{2,3} :	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	psi (N/mm²)	Not applicable	388 (2.7)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	363 (2.5)	358 (2.5)	352 (2.4)
led hol	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	316 (2.2)	316 (2.2)	316 (2.2)	316 (2.2)		Not applicable	
Water-filled hole (flooded)	range B ^{2,3} :	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	Not applicable	191 (1.3)	199 (1.4)	199 (1.4)	179 (1.3)	176 (1.2)	171 (1.2)
Š	Strength reduction	factor	ϕ_{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
Reduct	ion factor for seismic	tension	∝N,seis	-				0.95			

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 006894 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi. For concrete compressive strength, f_c between 2,500 psi and 8,000 psi [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2500)^{0.13}$. See Section 4.1.4 of this report

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), maximum long term temperature = 122°F (50°C) Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 248°F (120°C), maximum long term temperature = 161°F (72°C)

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

³Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads. For load combinations consisting of short-term loads only such as wind, bond strengths may be increased by 43 percent for temperature range A and 122 percent for temperature range B.

TABLE 7—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT REINFORCING BARS 1

DEGLO	N INCORMATION	0					Nominal	Bar Size			
DESIG	N INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10
Reinfor	rcing bar O.D.	d	in. (mm)	0.375 (9.5)	0.500 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1.000 (25.4)	1.125 (28.6)	1.250 (31.8)
section	rcing bar effective cross- al area	Ase	in.² (mm²)	0.110 (71)	0.200 (129)	0.310 (200)	0.440 (284)	0.600 (387)	0.790 (510)	1.000 (645)	1.270 (819)
A996	Nominal strength as	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	9,900 (44.0)	18,000 (80.1)	27,900 (124.1)	39,600 (176.1)	54,000 (240.2)	71,100 (316.3)	90,000 (400.3)	114,300 (508.4)
6, A767, A996 60	governed by steel strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	5,940 (26.4)	10,800 (48.0)	16,740 (74.5)	23,760 (105.7)	32,400 (144.1)	42,660 (189.8)	54,000 (240.2)	68,580 (305.0)
A706, rade 60	Reduction factor for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	Not applicable	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70
4615, , Gr	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-				0.	65			
ASTM A615, A706 Grade 6	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	φ	-				0.	60			
403	Nominal strength as	Nsa	lb (kN)	6,600 (29.4)	12,000 (53.4)	18,600 (82.7)	26,400 (117.4)				
Grade 4	governed by steel strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	3,960 (17.6)	7,200 (32.0)	11,160 (49.6)	15,840 (70.5)		n accordance v rs are furnished No	d only in sizes I	
615 GI	Reduction factor for seismic shear	α _{V,seis}	-	Not applicable	0.70	0.70	0.70		140	. 0	
STM A615	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-				0.	65			
A8	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	φ	-				0.	60			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 006894 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

1 Values provided for common bar material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2 b or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29), as applicable.

2The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 or 2006 IBC, ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are used. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. ³In accordance with ASTM A615, Grade 40 bars are furnished only in sizes No. 3 through No. 6.

TABLE 8—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT1

DESIGN INFORMATION	Cumbal	Unite	•			Nomi	nal Bar Size	•		•
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No.10
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	k _{c,cr}	in-lb (SI)	n.a.				17 (7)			
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	K _{c,uncr}	inlb. (SI)					24 (10)			
Min. anchor spacing	Smin	in. (mm)	1 ⁷ / ₈ (48)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	3 ³ / ₄ (95)	4 ³ / ₈ (111)	5 (127)	5 ⁵ / ₈ (143)	6 ¹ / ₄ (159)
Min. edge spacing	Cmin	in. (mm)				See Section	4.1.9 of this rep	ort.		
Min. member thickness	h _{min}	in. (mm)		+ 1 ¹ / ₄ + 30)			h _{ef} +	· 2d ₀ ³		
Critical edge spacing – splitting (for uncracked concrete) ²	Cac	-				See Section	4.1.10 of this rep	oort.		
Critical anchor spacing – splitting	Sac	-					2·c _{ac}			
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B (supplemental reinforcement not present) ²	φ	1					0.65			
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B (supplemental reinforcement not present) ²	φ	1					0.70			

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Additional setting information is described in Figure 3, installation instructions.

² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

 $^{^{3}}d_{0}$ = hole diameter.



TABLE 9—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT¹

DESIG	NINEODMATION							Nomina	l Bar Size			
DESIG	N INFORMATION	V	Symbol	Units	No.3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No.10
Minimu	m embedment		h _{ef,min}	in. (mm)	2 ³ / ₈ (60.3)	2 ³ / ₄ (69.9)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79.4)	3 ¹ / ₂ (88.9)	3 ¹ / ₂ (88.9)	4 (101.6)	4 ¹ / ₂ (114)	5 (127.0)
Maximu	ım embedment		h _{ef,max}	in. (mm)	4 ¹ / ₂ (114)	6 (152)	7 ¹ / ₂ (191)	9 (229)	10 ¹ / ₂ (267)	12 (305)	13 ¹ / ₂ (343)	15 (381)
	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	743 (5.1)	668 (4.6)	588 (4.1)
rete	range A ^{2,3} :	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	Not applicable	331 (2.3)	345 (2.4)	345 (2.4)	345 (2.4)	345 (2.4)	349 (2.4)	349 (2.4)
Dry concrete	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	psi (N/mm²)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	366 (2.5)	329 (2.3)	Not applicable
۵	range B ^{2,3} :	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	Not applicable	163 (1.1)	170 (1.2)	170 (1.2)	170 (1.2)	170 (1.2)	172 (1.2)	172 (1.2)
	Strength reduction	on factor	фа	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
rete	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	743 (5.1)	668 (4.6)	588 (4.1)
d conc	range A ^{2,3} :	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	Not applicable	331 (2.3)	345 (2.4)	345 (2.4)	345 (2.4)	345 (2.4)	349 (2.4)	349 (2.4)
aturate	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	psi (N/mm²)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	366 (2.5)	329 (2.3)	Not applicable
Water-saturated concrete	range B ^{2,3} :	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	psi (N/mm²)	Not applicable	163 (1.1)	170 (1.2)	170 (1.2)	170 (1.2)	170 (1.2)	172 (1.2)	172 (1.2)
>	Strength reduction	on factor	φws	•	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55
(flooded)	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	642 (4.4)	642 (4.4)	642 (4.4)	642 (4.4)	576 (4.0)		Not applicable	
е (floo	range A ^{2,3} :	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (N/mm²)	Not applicable	258 (1.8)	269 (1.9)	269 (1.9)	242 (1.7)	238 (1.7)	237 (1.6)	234 (1.6)
led hol	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	psi (N/mm²)	316 (2.2)	316 (2.2)	316 (2.2)	316 (2.2)			lot icable	
Water-filled hole	range B ^{2,3} :	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	psi (N/mm²)	Not applicable	127 (0.9)	133 (0.9)	133 (0.9)	119 (0.8)	117 (0.8)	117 (0.8)	115 (0.8)
Š	Strength reduction	on factor	φwf	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
Reduct	ion factor for seis	mic tension	∝N,seis	-				1.	00			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi. For concrete compressive strength f_c between 2,500 psi and 8,000 psi [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1], tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2,500)^{0.13}$. See Section 4.1.4 of this report.

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), maximum long term temperature = 122°F (50°C) Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 248°F (120°C), maximum long term temperature = 161°F (72°C)

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

3 Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads. For load combinations consisting of short term loads only, such as wind and seismic, bond strengths may be increased by 42 percent for temperature range A and 122 percent for temperature range B.





VARIOUS AVAILABLE TWO-COMPONENT CARTRIDGE ADHESIVE

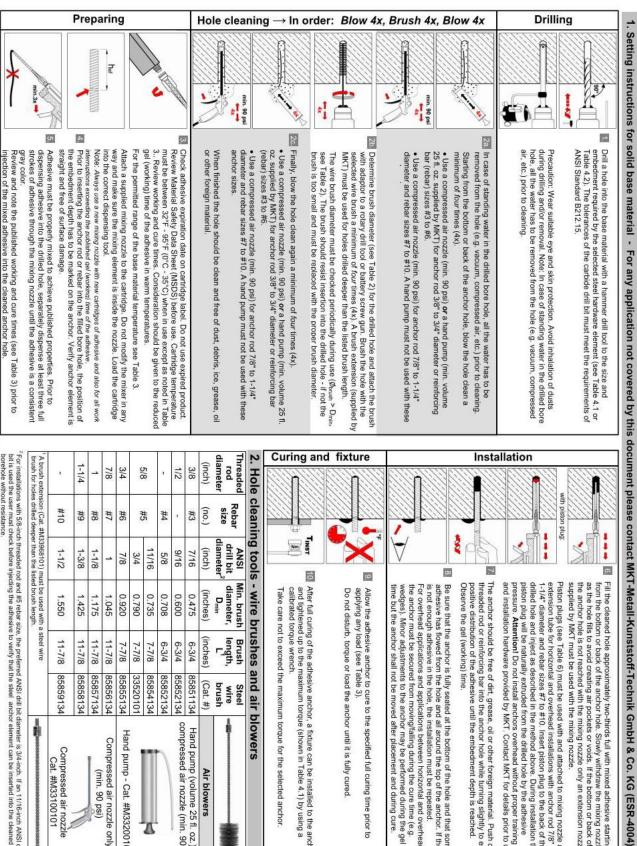
FIGURE 2—MKT VMU plus and LR700+ ADHESIVE ANCHOR SYSTEM

. o

Fill the cleaned hole approximately two-thirds full with mixed adhesive starting from the bottom or back of the anchor hole. Slowly withdraw the mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets or voids; if the bottom or back of the anchor hole is not reached with the mixing nozzle only an extension nozzle

supplied by MKT must be used with the mixing

MKT LR700+ / VMU Plus - Instruction Card



The and tightened up to the calibrated torque wree Take care not to except the calibrated torque wree Take care not to except the calibrated torque wree Take care not to except the calibrated torque wree Take care not to except the calibrated torque wree Take care not to except the calibrated torque wree Take care not to except the calibrated torque wree Take care not to except the calibrated torque wree Take care not to except the calibrated		After full curing and tightened calibrated torq Take care not wire bru - wire bru Min. brush diameter, Dmin (inches) 0.475 0.600 0.708 0.735 0.790 0.790 0.920 1.045 1.175 1.1425
After full cu and tighter calibrated to Take care Take care by the care by the care by the care calibrated to Take care by the care by the care calibrated to Take care by the care by the care care care care care care care car		
	rrushes I Brush I Inches 6-3/4 6-3/4 6-3/4 7-7/8 7-7/8 11-7/8	ining of the adhesive ancho ed up to the maximum torque wrench. not to exceed the maximum orque wrench. I Brush Steel length, wire brush (Cat. #) 6-3/4 85852134 6-3/4 85852134 7-7/8 85852134 7-7/8 85852134 11-7/8 85856134 11-7/8 85856134 11-7/8 85858134

bit is used the user must check before injecting the adhesive to verify that the steel borehole without resistance. t can into the cleaned

MKT LR700+ / VMU Plus Instruction Card

DESCRIPTION:

PRECAUTION: adhesive which is formulated for use by trained professionals. Please refer to installation instructions and MSDS for additional detailed LR700+ is an easy dispensing, rapid-curing, high strength anchoring

Safety glasses and dust masks should be used when drilling holes into concrete, stone and masonry. Wear gloves and safety glasses when handling and dispensing adhesive. Do not sand the adhesive and create occurs. Flush eyes with plenty of water and seek immediate medical indoors or in a confined area, or if sensitive to adhesive odors. Wash hands or other affected body parts with soap and water if skin contact silica dust which could be inhaled. Avoid skin and eye contact, use a NIOSH-approved chemical mask to avoid respiratory discomfort if working

to cause discomfort

attention if eye contact occurs. Move to fresh air if adhesive odor begins

Before using, read and review Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS). IMPORTANT!

dust; e.g. mining, quarry, stone crushing, refractory brick and pottery workers. This product does not pose a dust hazard; therefore, this classification is not relevant. However, if reacted (fully cured) product is further processed (e.g. sanded, drilled) be sure to wear proper respiratory dust hazard. IARC classifies crystalline silica (quartz sand) as a Group I carcinogen based upon evidence among workers in industries where and eye protection to avoid health risk. there has been long-term and chronic exposure (via inhalation) to silica This product contains crystalline silica and as supplied does not pose a

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area at temperatures between 32°F (0°C) and 86°F (30°C). Keep away from excessive heat and flame. Keep Before use see expiration date on product label Store away from heat and light. partially used containers closed when not in use. Protect from damage

initial quantity of the anchor adhesive as described in the setting instructions (steps #3 and #5). Note: If the cartridge is reused, attach a new mixing nozzle and discard the nardened adhesive in the attached mixing nozzle

had do

Do not use expired product. Partially used cartridges may be stored with

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A plastic extension tube (3/8" dia., Cat# #M85952101) must be used with piston plugs

3. Gel (working) times and curing times

104°F	95°F	86°F	68°F	50°F	41°F	32°F	23°F	14°F	Temperat
40°C	35°C	30°C	20°C	10°C	5°C	0°C	-5°C	-10°C	Temperature of base material
1.5 minutes	2 minutes	4 minutes	6 minutes	15 minutes	25 minutes	45 minutes	90 minutes	90 minutes	Gel (working) time
15 minutes	20 minutes	25 minutes	45 minutes	90 minutes	2 hours	7 hours	14 hours	24 hours	Full curing time

For installations in base material temperature between 14°F and 23°F the cartridge temperature must be conditioned to between 68°F and 95°F (20°C - 35°C).

4. Setting parameters

Table 4.1 Specifications for installation of threaded rods

		Nominal t	hreaded n	od size		
3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	1"	1-1/4"
0.375	0.500	0.625	0.750	0.875	1.000	1.250
0.078	0.142	0.226	0.335	0.462	0.606	0.969
7/16	9/16	11/16 or 3/4	7/8	-4	1-1/8	1-3/8
16	33	60	105	100	100	200
10	25	50	90	671	100	700
2-3/8	2-3/4	3-1/8	3-1/2	3-1/2	4	5
4-1/2	9	7-1/2	9	10-1/2	12	15
1-7/8	2-1/2	3-1/8	3-3/4	4-3/8	S	6-1/4
1-3/4	1-3/4	1-3/4	1-3/4	1-3/4	1-3/4	2-3/4
	1-1/4	- A		h + 2d		
	3/8" 0.375 0.078 0.078 7/16 16 16 10 2.3/8 4.1/2 1-7/8 1-3/4 h.++		1/2" 0.500 0.142 9/16 11 33 25 2-3/4 6 2-1/2 1-3/4	Nominal threaded r 1/2" 5/8" 3/4" 0.500 0.625 0.750 0.142 0.226 0.335 9/16 11/16 or 3/4 7/8 33 60 105 25 50 90 2-3/4 3-1/8 3-1/2 6 7-1/2 9 2-1/2 3-1/8 3-3/4 1-3/4 1-3/4 1-3/4	Nominal threaded rod 1/2" 5/8" 3/4" 0.500 0.625 0.750 0.142 0.226 0.335 9/16 11/16 or 3/4 7/8 33 60 105 25 50 90 25 50 90 2-3/4 3-1/8 3-1/2 9 2-1/2 3-1/8 3-3/4 1-3/4 1-3/4 1-3/4 h _d	Nominal threaded rod size 1/2" 5/8" 3/4" 7/8" 0.500 0.625 0.750 0.875 0.142 0.226 0.335 0.462 9/16 11/16 or 3/4 7/8 1 33 60 105 125 25 50 90 125 2-3/4 3-1/8 3-1/2 9 10-1/2 2-3/2 3-1/8 3-3/4 4-3/8 1-3/4 1-3/4 1-3/4 1-3/4 1-3/4 1-3/4 1-3/4 1-1/4 1-3/4 1-3/4

Table 4.2 Specifications for installation of deformed steel reinforcing bars

Anchor property / Setting information				Reinforci	Reinforcing bar size	U		
Charles brokery occurs mornanen	#3	##	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
= Nominal bar diameter (in.)	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1-1/8	1-1/4
$l_o(q_{bd})$ = Nominal ANSI drill bit size (in.)	7/16	5/8	11/16 or 3/4	7/8	1	1-1/8	1-3/8	1-1/2
ed.min = Minimum embedment (inches)	2-3/8	2-3/4	3-1/8	3-1/2	3-1/2	4	4-1/2	5
_{60,mex} = Maximum embedment (inches)	4-1/2	6	7-1/2	9	10-1/2	12	13-1/2	15
mvi = Minimum spacing (inches)	1-7/8	2-1/2	3-1/8	3-3/4	4-3/8	5	5-5/8	6-1/4
min = Minimum edge distance (inches)	1-3/4	1-3/4	1-3/4	1-3/4	1-3/4	1-3/4	2-3/4	2-3/4
my = Minimum member thickness (inches)	$h_{8f} + 1-1/4$	1-1/4			$h_{ef} + 2d_{o}$	$2d_0$		

LR700+, VMU Plus adhesive anchor system selection table

Injection tools		Plastic cartridge system	Extra mixing nozzles
VMU plus 5 fl. oz. manual dispenser	Cat. #M28350511 – professional tool Cat. #M28350505 – standard tool	VMU plus 5 fl. oz. Single Tube with nozzle Cat. #M28255271	Mixing nozzle Cat #M28305111
VMU plus 10 fl. oz. manual dispenser	Cat. #M28350511 – professional tool Cat. #M28350505 – standard tool	VMU plus 10 fl. oz. Single Tube with nozzle Cat. #M28252401	Mixing nozzle Cat. #M28305111
VMU plus 12 fl. oz. manual and powered dispensers	Cat #M28350511 – professional tool Cat #M28350505 – standard tool Cat #M28350601 – pneumatic tool	VMU plus 12 fl. oz. Twin Tube with nozzle Cat. #M28254001	Mixing nozzle Cat. #M28305111
VMU plus 14 fl. oz. manual and powered dispensers	Cat #M28351001 – professional tool Cat #M28353005 – standard tool Cat #M28352002 – pneumatic tool	VMU plus 14 fl. oz. Single Tube with nozzle Cat. #M28256041	Mixing nozzle Cat #M28305111
VMU plus 28 fl. oz. powered dispensers	Cat. #M28352110 – pneumatic tool	VMU plus 28 ft. oz. Twin Tube with mixing nozzle and extension tube Cat. #M28259001	Mixing nozzle Cat. #M28305201 Nozzle extension tube Cat. #M85952101



ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-4004 FL Supplement

Reissued March 2025

This report is subject to renewal February 2026.

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DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

MKT FASTENING, LLC

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

MKT VMU PLUS AND LR700+ ADHESIVE ANCHOR SYSTEM IN CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND EVALUATION SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that MKT VMU plus and LR700+ Adhesive Anchor System in Cracked and Uncracked Concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4004, has also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2020 Florida Building Code—Building
- 2020 Florida Building Code—Residential

2.0 PURPOSE OF THIS SUPPLEMENT

The MKT VMU plus and LR700+ Adhesive Anchor System in Cracked and Uncracked Concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-4004, complies with the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, as applicable. The installation requirements noted in the ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4004 for the 2018 *International Building Code*® meet the requirements of the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, as applicable.

Use of the MKT VMU plus and LR700+ Adhesive Anchor System in Cracked and Uncracked Concrete for compliance with the High-Velocity Hurricane Zone provisions of the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Residential* has not been evaluated and is outside the scope of this report.

For products falling under Florida Rule 61G20-3, verification that the report holder's quality assurance program is audited by a quality assurance entity approved by the Florida Building Commission for the type of inspections being conducted is the responsibility of an approved validation entity (or the code official, when the report holder does not possess an approval by the Commission).

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued March 2025.

